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[Treaties of commerce and navigation between England and Morocco.]

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Articles of Peace and Commerce between the most High and Renowned Prince George II. by the Grace of God, King of Great-Britain, France, and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, &c. And the most High and Glorious, Mighty and right Noble Prince Muley Hammet Dahebby, Ben Muley Ismael, Ben Muley Zeriph Ben Muley Aly, King and Emperor of the Kingdom of Fez and Morocco, Taftet, Suz, and all the Algarbe and its Territories in Africa &c. Concluded, agreed, and adjusted by John Russel Esq; on the Behalf of his Britannic Majesty, and by his Excellency Bashaw Hamet, Ben Aly, Ben Abdalla, and his Imperial Majesty's Admiral of Sallée, Hadge Abdet-cader Perez, on the Behalf of the Emperor of Fez and Morocco, January 14, 1728.

- N^o. 2005. I. **T**HAT all *Moors* or *Jews* subject to the Emperor of *Morocco* shall be allowed a free Traffic, viz. to buy or sell for 30 Days in the City of *Gibraltar* or Island of *Minorca*, and not to reside in either Place, but to depart with their Effects, without Let or Molestation, to any Part of the said Emperor of *Morocco's* Dominions.
- N^o. 2006. II. That the King of *Great Britain's* Subjects residing in *Barbary* shall not be obliged to appear before the Cadi or Justices of the Country; but only the Governor of the Place and his *Britannick* Majesty's Consul are to take Cognizance of and adjust the Differences they may have with the Natives of the Country.
- N^o. 2007. III. That the menial Servants of his *Britannick* Majesty's Subjects, tho' Natives of the Country, either *Moors* or *Jews*, be exempt from Taxes of all Kinds.
- N^o. 2008. IV. That all his *Britannic* Majesty's Subjects, as well Passengers as others, taken by any of the Emperor of *Fez* and *Morocco's* Cruizers, on board any foreign Ship or Vessel whatever, shall immediately be set at Liberty and sent to the City of *Gibraltar*.
- N^o. 2009. V. That there be Permission for buying Provisions and all other Necessaries for his *Britannic* Majesty's Fleet, or City of *Gibraltar*, at any of the Emperor of *Fez* and *Morocco's* Sea Ports, at the Market Prices, and the same to be shipped off without paying

paying Custom, as has been extorted lately contrary to the Treaty of Peace subsisting.

VI. *All the other Articles, being fifteen in Number, concluded, agreed, and adjusted by the Honourable Charles Steward, Esq; on the Behalf of his Britannick Majesty, and by his Excellency Bashaw Hamet Ben Aly, Ben Abdalla, and his Imperial Majesty's Treasurer Mr. Moses Ben Hatter, a Jew, on the Behalf of the said King of Fez and Morocco, shall stand good, and be of the same Force, as in the Reign of the most high and renowned Prince George I. King of Great Britain, France and Ireland, &c. of glorious Memory, and the high and glorious, mighty and right Noble Prince Albumazar Muley Ismael late Emperor of Morocco. And it is farther agreed, that all the Articles aforementioned, as well the fifteen, as these additional ones, shall in twenty Days after the Date hereof be published in the Arabick Language, and affixed on the Gates of all the Sea-port Towns in his Imperial Majesty's Dominions, signed and dated at the Court of Mequinez, January 14, 17²⁷.* N°. 2010.

A Treaty of Peace and Friendship, between the King of Great Britain, and the Emperor of Morocco in 1751.

GEORGE the Second, by the Grace of God King of Great Britain, France and Ireland, Defender of the Christian Faith, Duke of Brunswick and Lunenburg, Arch-Treasurer and Prince Elector of the Holy Roman Empire, &c. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting: Whereas a Treaty for establishing Peace and Friendship was concluded and signed on the 15th of December 1734, and copied the 15th of Rabbei the First, in the Year 1164, which is, in English Stile, the 15th Day of January 1750, O. S. and the Additional Articles of Peace and Commerce, concluded and signed at the Court of Fez, on the 1st of February 1751, N. S. between Us and the High, Glorious, Potent, and most Noble Prince Mulay Abedela, Ben Mulay Ismael, Ben Mulay Seriph, Ben Mulay Aly, King and Emperor of the Kingdoms of Fez, Morocco, Taffilete, Sus and the whole Algarbe, and the Territories thereof, by William Petticrew, Esq; our Consul General on our Part, and by the Alcaide Habed Lohab N°. 2011.

Lohab Ben Hamed Limury, first Minister, on the Behalf and by Order of the said King of *Fez* and *Morocco*, in the Words and Form following.

The Treaty of Peace between his Majesty George the Second, King of Great Britain, France and Ireland, and Mulay Abedela Ben Ismael, King and Emperor of Fez, Mequinez, Morocco, and all the West of Africa, God bless him; and the following Articles, were concluded by Alcaide Habeb Lohab, first Minister, and William Petticrew, Esq; his Britannick Majesty's Consul General.

N^o. 2012. I. **F**OR establishing Peace and Friendship, it is agreed and concluded for firm and valid, both by Land and Sea in all the Dominions of both Powers, that the *English* in general shall and may now, and at all Times hereafter, enjoy and continue in Peace and Friendship with the Emperor and his Subjects, and be well used and respected by the Emperor's Subjects, agreeable to the Order and Commands of the Emperor.

N^o. 2013. II. That such Number or Quantity of Passports, as may be necessary, be transmitted to the Emperor, indented in such Manner as shall tally with the Passports that shall be received by the *English* Merchants in *England*; and if an *English* Man of War meets with any Merchant Ships belonging to the Emperor, such Merchant Ships shall be obliged to produce and shew their Passports given to them by the *English* Consul.

III. If any Dispute shall happen between the *English* and the Emperor's Subjects, the same not to be determined by a Judge, but ended and adjusted by the *English* Consul and the Coyed, (that is) the Mayor of the Town, where such Dispute shall happen.

N^o. 2014. IV. That none of the Emperor's Subjects shall, at any Time, forcibly enter the Houses of the *English*, or any Place belonging to them, or take and carry away any of their Goods and Effects, unless they have Leave and Authority from the Emperor so to do: That if any of the Emperor's Subjects shall hire any *English* Ship to carry and convey Goods from one Part of the Emperor's Dominions to another, and shall happen by Strefs of Weather, or any other Occasion, to touch at any Place or Places in the Voyage, such Ship or Ships shall not be obliged to pay any Thing for

for the Shelter or Assistance they may receive; and that no *English* whatever, or any of their Servants (though not *English*) shall be liable to pay the Tax, imposed upon the Emperor's Subjects, called the Poll-Tax.

V. That the Fifteen Articles of Peace, made and concluded N^o. 2015. between King *George* the First, and *Muli Ismael*, are hereby agreed to and confirmed with his Majesty King *George* the Second, as good and valid, and shall be faithfully kept and observed, together with the aforesaid four Articles.

Treaty of Peace between his Majesty George the Second, King of Great Britain, France and Ireland, and Mulay Abedela Ben Ismael, King and Emperor of Fez, Mequinez, Morocco, and all the West of Africa, God bless him; and the four following Articles were concluded by Ahammed Basha, and William Petticrew, Esquire.

I. **T**HAT if any *English* shall happen to be on board any Ship or Ships, Enemies to the Emperor, that may be taken by the Emperor's Ships, such *English* shall be well treated, delivered into the Hands of the *English* Consul, and have Liberty to go where they please: This Article to continue in Force for six Months from the Conclusion of this Peace; in which Time it is required that Notice shall be given by the King of *Great Britain* to all the *English* Subjects, not to embark on board any of the Emperor's Enemies Ships; for after that Time, if the *English* shall so embark, the Blame must be their own, as no Regard will be had to them more than the Emperor's Enemies. N^o. 2016.

II. If any of the Emperor's Subjects shall be made Slaves, and escape to an *English* Man of War, or to *Gibraltar*, *Port Mahon*, or any of the *English* Dominions, that they shall be protected, and with all convenient Speed sent to their respective Homes. The like Treatment to be given to the *English* who shall be Slaves, and escape to any Part of the Emperor's Dominions. N^o. 2017.

III. If any *English* shall contract any thing to be paid to the Emperor's Subjects, that Notes shall be given for the same; and in like manner the same to be observed by the Emperor's Subjects in the *English* Dominions; and if it shall happen that such Subjects N^o. 2018.

Subjects of either Power cannot write, to get some Person to write such Notes for them.

- N^o. 2019. IV. That no Excuse be made, or Ignorance of this Peace pretended, the same shall be published and declared to all the Subjects of both Powers, both what is now agreed on, and the Articles concluded with King *George* the First; which Declaration shall be signed by each Power, and by them kept, to prevent Disputes. This Treaty was concluded the 15th of *December* 1734, and copied the 15th of *Rabbei* the First, in the Year 1164, which is, in *English* Stile, the 15th of *January* 1750.

Additional Articles of Peace and Commerce between the Most High, Illustrious, and Most Renowned Prince George the Second, by the Grace of God King of Great Britain, France and Ireland, Defender of the Christian Faith, &c. and the High, Glorious, Mighty, and Most Noble Prince Mulay Abedela, Ben Mulay Ismael, Ben Mulay Seriph, Ben Mulay Aly, King and Emperor of the Kingdoms of Fez, Morocco, Taffilete, Sus, and all the Algarbe and its Territories, agreed on and concluded by William Petticrew, Esq; on the Behalf of his Britannick Majesty, and by the Alcaide Habed Lohab Ben Hamed Limury, First Minister, on the Behalf and by Order of the King of Fez and Morocco.

- N^o. 2020. I. **I**T is agreed on and concluded, that from henceforward there shall be, between his Majesty of *Great Britain*, Prince and Elector of *Hanover*, and the King of *Fez* and *Morocco*, their Heirs and Successors, a general, true and perfect Peace for ever, as well by Land as by Sea and fresh Waters; and also between the Lands, Kingdoms, Dominions and Territories belonging to or under the Jurisdiction of his *Britannick* Majesty in *Germany*, and those appertaining to the King of *Fez* and *Morocco*; and their Subjects, People or Inhabitants respectively, of what Condition, Degree or Quality soever; from henceforth reciprocally shall owe the other all Friendship; and that all Ships, Vessels, Passengers with their Effects, trafficking voluntary, or compelled by Enemies, Disasters of the Seas, or any Accident whatsoever, to the Coasts of the Emperor of *Fez* and *Morocco*'s Dominions, being his *Britannick* Majesty's Subjects in *Germany*, shall from henceforth be treated with the said Regulations as specified

specified by the Treaties of Peace now subsisting between His Britannick Majesty and the King of *Fez* and *Morocco*.

II. It is agreed that all Ships and Vessels belonging to His Britannick Majesty in *Germany*, shall carry a proper Pass, and that a Copy of such Pass, with the Heads of the said Passes, shall be sent to His Britannick Majesty's Consul residing in *Barbary*, to the end that he may deliver the same to the Commanders or Captains of the King of *Fez* and *Morocco*'s Ships of War or Cruizers, to the end that due Regard may be had to this Peace, and that no Commander or Captain may offend through Ignorance; and all Commanders or Captains of Ships or Vessels belonging to His Britannick Majesty's Subjects in *Germany*, meeting with any Ship or Vessel belonging to the King of *Fez* and *Morocco*, or his Subjects, if the Commander of such Ship or Vessel produce a Pass signed by the Governor of the City they belong to, with a Certificate from the *English* Consul, and, in case of his Death or Absence, from the major Part of the *English* Merchants residing in the said Place, in such Cases the said Ship or Vessel shall pursue freely her Voyage without Hindrance or Molestation.

III. It is agreed that the King of *Great Britain*'s Subjects shall not be obliged to appear before Justices of the Country on any Cause, but that only the Governor of the City and His Britannick Majesty's Consul shall take Cognizance of, and adjust, the Difference or Suits they may have with the *Moors* or other Inhabitants in the Dominions of the King of *Fez* and *Morocco*.

IV. It is agreed that no Governor or Officer under the King of *Fez* and *Morocco* shall, without the King's special Order, visit or register the Dwelling-houses or Magazines of any of His Britannick Majesty's Subjects residing in *Barbary*; and that all *British* Ships taking Freight in any Port of the King of *Fez* and *Morocco*, to carry to other Ports of the said Kingdom, shall be exempted from all Port Charges as usual, in whatever Port they may put in; and that the Consul and the other *British* Merchants shall be freely allowed to have *Moors* or *Jews* as their Interpreters and Brokers, who shall be exempted from all Taxes, as likewise all their Domestick Servants.

All the other Articles, being Fifteen in Number, concluded, agreed and adjusted by the Admiral *Charles Stewart* on the Behalf of His Britannick Majesty; and by his Excellency *Bashaw Hamet*

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Ben Aley, Ben Abdalla, and his Imperial Majesty's Treasurer Mr. Moses Benatar, on Behalf of the said King of Fez and Morocco, shall stand good and be of the same Force, as in the Reign of the Most High, Illustrious and Renowned Prince George the First, King of Great Britain, France and Ireland, of Glorious Memory; and the High, Mighty, and Most Noble Prince Mully Ismael late Emperor of Morocco; as likewise the other Articles, being Three in Number, agreed and concluded by John Leonard Sollicoffre, Esq; on Behalf of His Britannick Majesty, and his Excellency Bashaw Hamet Ben Ally Ben Abdella on Behalf of the King of Fez and Morocco.

It is agreed on and concluded that all the Articles aforementioned, being Eighteen in Number, with these additional Articles that are translated into the *Arabick* Language, Copies thereof be sent to all His Imperial Majesty's Alcaldes and Officers of all the Ports in his Dominions, there to be read by the Cady or Chief Justice in Publick Assembly; and afterwards to remain deposited either in the Hands of the Judge, or the Alcaldes of the Port, that Recourse may be had thereto on all Occasions which may occur; and that the Ratifications of the said Articles shall be made within the Term of Six Months, or sooner if possible, in *Spanish*, which shall be received and be of equal Force. Dated and signed at the Court of Fez on the 1st of February 1751, N. S.

Signed *Abdelkhab Aly Moory.*

Treaty of Peace concluded between His Majesty George the First, King of Great Britain, France and Ireland, and Muli Ismael, Son of Muli Alli Sherife King of Fez, Mequinez, Morocco, and all the West of Africa, God bless him. The following Articles were agreed on, in the Presence of Bashaw Ahamad, Son of Abdula, and the then English Ambassador, interpreted by Moses Son of Attor, Servant and Interpreter at the Emperor's Court.

N^o. 2024. I. **I**N order to establish Peace between the Powers, both by Land and Sea, and all their respective Dominions, it is agreed on, that the *English* may now, and always hereafter, be well used and respected by our Subjects, agreeable to the Orders and Commands of the Emperor.

II. That

II. That all *English* Men of War and Merchant Ships, that N°. 2025 shall come to any Part of the Emperor's Dominions, to trade or otherwise, and shall have on board a Cargo, not proper for vending in the Place where they shall come, may depart with the same to any other Part of the Emperor's Dominions, and shall pay Duty but once for the same; and that no Duty at all shall be paid for any War Implements, such as Fire-Arms, Swords, and any thing belonging to the Army, as also for Materials of all Kinds for Ship-building; and if any *English* Ship shall arrive at any of the Emperor's Ports, with any Merchandize destined for any other Part of the World, that no Duty shall be paid for such Merchandize, but shall depart with the same without any Manner of Molestation. If any *English* Ship shall be thrown upon the Emperor's Coasts by Strefs of Weather, or otherwise, the same shall be protected, and may safely depart without any ill Usage or Interruption: In like Manner shall be treated the Emperor's Ships happening to be thus thrown on the Coast of *Great Britain*, or the Dominions thereto belonging.

III. That all the *English* Ships and Emperor's Ships may pass and repass the Seas without Hindrance, Interruption or Molestation from each other; nor shall any Money, Merchandize, or any Demand be made or taken by the Ships of either Power from each other; and if any Subjects of any other Nation shall be on board either the *English* or the Emperor's Ships, they shall be safely protected by both Sides. N°. 2026.

IV. If the Emperor's Men of War meet with any *English* Ships, and shall want to see their Passports, they are to send a Boat with two Men of Fidelity to peruse the said Passports, who are to return without any farther Trouble, and then both Sides to proceed quietly on their respective Voyages; the same Usage to be received by the Emperor's Merchant Ships from the *English* Men of War, who shall allow the Passports made out by the *English* Consul, and if the Consul shall not be present to make them, then the Passports made out by the *English* Merchants to be good and valid. N°. 2027.

V. If the *English* Men of War, Privateers, or Letter of Marque Ships, shall take Prizes from any Nation with whom they shall be at War, they shall have Liberty to bring and dispose of the same in any of the Emperor's Dominions, without any Duty or Charge whatsoever. N°. 2028.

- N^o. 2029. VI. If any *English* Ship shall by Storm, or in flying from her Enemy, come upon the Emperor's Coasts, the same shall be safely protected, and nothing touched or taken away, but shall be under the Direction of the *English* Consul, who shall send the Goods and People where he shall think fit.
- N^o. 2030. VII. It is the mutual Agreement of the King of *Great Britain* and the Emperor, that the Emperor do issue out Orders to all Parts of his Dominions, for the well using of all the *English* Subjects; and that particular Places be appointed for the Burial of their Dead; that the Consuls Brokers shall freely go on board any Ship without Interruption; that the *English* Consuls, Merchants, and other Subjects of *Great Britain*, may safely travel by Land with Effects without any Hindrance whatever; and if any *English* settled in the Emperor's Dominions shall be desirous to return Home, that they may so do with their Families, Goods and Effects, without Interruption: If any *English* die, the Effects of such to be taken under the Care of the Consul, to be disposed of as directed by the Will of such Person, and if no Will, for the Benefit of such Person's next Heir; and if any Debts shall be owing to such deceased Person, the same to be paid by Order of the Governor or other Person in Power, where such Person shall die; and that a Subject of the Emperor's be appointed to demand and receive the same, and deposit the same in the Hands of the *English* Consul for the aforesaid Uses. If any *English* shall contract Debts in the Emperor's Country, and remove from thence without satisfying the same, no other Persons shall be liable to pay such Debts: The like Usage and Treatment the Subjects of the Emperor are to receive in the King of *Great Britain*'s Dominions; and that the King may send as many Consuls to the Emperor's Dominions as he shall think necessary.
- N^o. 2031. VIII. That no *English* Merchant, Captains of Ships, or other Person or Persons whatsoever that are *English* Subjects, shall be forced to sell any of their Goods for less than the real Value; and that no Captain, Master or Commander of any *English* Ship shall be compelled, without their own Will and Consent, to carry any Goods or Merchandizes for any Person or Persons whatsoever; nor shall any Sailor be forced away from any *English* Ship.
- N^o. 2032. IX. If any Quarrel or Dispute shall happen between any *Englishman* and a *Musselman*, by which Hurt to either may ensue, the same to be heard before and determined by the Emperor only; and

and if an *Englishman*, who may be the Aggressor, shall make his Escape, no other *Englishman* shall suffer upon his Account; and if two *Englishmen* shall quarrel, to be determined by the *English* Consul, who shall do with them as he pleases; and if any Quarrel or Dispute shall happen between *Musselmen* in *England* or in any of the *English* Dominions, by which Hurt may ensue, the same to be heard before one *Christian* and one *Musselman*, and to be determined according to the Laws of *Great Britain*.

X. If it shall happen that this Peace by any Means shall be broke, the Consul, and all other *English*, shall have Six Months Time to remove themselves with their Families and Effects to any Place they please without Interruption; and that all Debts owing to them shall be justly paid to them. N^o. 2033.

XI. If any *English* in the Emperor's Dominions, or the Emperor's Subjects in the *English* Dominions, shall maliciously endeavour to break the Peace, such of them who shall be proved so to intend, shall by each Power be punished for such Offence, each Power to take Cognizance of their own Subjects. N^o. 2034.

XII. If any of the Emperor's Subjects shall purchase any Commodity in the *English* Dominions, they shall not be imposed on in Price, but pay the same as is sold to the *English*. N^o. 2035.

XIII. That not any of the *Spanish*, whether Captains, Sailors, or other Persons under the *English* Government in *Gibraltar* or *Port Makon*, shall be taken or molested, sailing under *English* Colours with Passports. N^o. 2036.

XIV. That no Excuse be made, or Ignorance pretended, of this Peace, the same shall be published and declared to all the Subjects of each Power, which Declaration shall be signed by each Power, and kept by them to prevent Disputes. N^o. 2037.

XV. If any Men of War shall be on the Emperor's Coasts, that are Enemies to the *English*, and any *English* Men of War, or other *English* Ships, shall happen to be or arrive there also, that they shall not in any Manner be hurt or engaged by their Enemy; and when such *English* Ships shall sail, their Enemies Ships shall not set Sail under Forty Hours afterwards. And if after the Conclusion of this Peace, any Ships shall happen to be taken by either Powers, within Six Months after the Proclamation of the Peace, that the same, with the People and Effects, shall be restored. Made and declared in the Presence of the Emperor's Servant *Ahammad Basha*, Son of *Alli*, Son of *Abdulla*,
by

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by the Authority given to him by the Emperor. Dated this 23^d of *January*, in the Year 1721, *English* Stile. Wrote and given to *Charles Stewart*, Esq; the *English* Ambassador, in the Seventh Year of the Reign of our late Royal Father King *George* the First.

We having seen and considered the above-written Treaty, with the additional Articles, have approved, ratified, and confirmed the same, in all and singular their Clauses, as by these Presents we do approve, ratify, and confirm the same, for us, our Heirs, and Successors, engaging and promising on our Royal Word, sacredly and inviolably to perform and observe all and singular their Contents, and never to suffer, as far as in us lies, any Person to violate the same, or in any Manner to act contrary thereto. In Witness whereof we have caused Our Great Seal of *Great Britain* to be affixed to these Presents, signed with our Royal Hand. Given at our Court at *Kensington* the Thirty-first Day of *July*, in the Year of Our Lord 1751, and of Our Reign the Twenty-Fifth.

G E O R G E R.

Articles of Peace and Commerce, between the most Serene and mighty Prince, Charles II. by the Grace, &c. and the most Illustrious Lords, the Basha, Dey, and Aga, Governors of the Famous City and Kingdom of Algiers in Barbary: Concluded by Arthur Herbert Esq; Admiral of his Majesty's Fleet in the Mediterranean, April 10, O. S. 1682. ---With the few Alterations made and included at the Renewal thereof, in 1686: All which are, for Distinction, in a different Character.

N^o. 2039. I. IN the first Place it is Agreed and Concluded, That from this Day, and for ever forwards, there be a true, firm and inviolable Peace between the most serene King of *Great Britain, France, and Ireland*, Defender of the *Christian* Faith, &c. and the most Illustrious Lords, the *Basha, Dey, and Aga*, Governors of the City and Kingdom of *Algiers*, and between all